PART VI: SUMMARY OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

Summary of risk management plan for Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules:

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules. The RMP details important risks of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules' risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules' summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules' RMP.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules is authorised to treat Wilson's disease (which is caused by having too much copper in the body) in patients who cannot tolerate another medicine that is used to treat this disease, called D-Penicillamine.

Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules contains trientine dihydrochloride as the active substance and it is given by oral route.

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules' risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and health care professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation measures*.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed, including Periodic Safety Update Report (PSUR) assessment, so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

If important information that may affect the safe use of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules is not yet available, it is listed under 'missing information' below.

II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be

safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine);

List of important risks and missing information	
Important identified risks	• None
Important potential risks	• None
Missing information	• Use during pregnancy (Drug exposure during pregnancy) • Use of drug during breastfeeding and in a new born child (Use of drug in lactation and in neonates)

II.B Summary of important risks

The safety information in the proposed product information is aligned to the reference medicinal product *"Trientine dihydrochloride capsules 300 mg"*.

II.C Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules.

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

There are no studies required for Trientine Tillomed 167 mg hard capsules.